**Instructions:** This lesson plan template provides a space for you to plan lessons around the Education Connections model of Sheltered Instruction (SI), which includes four strands—*define, modify, cultivate, apply.* (See page 4 of this document for more information on the four strands). Fill out the information about your lesson plan in the space provided in the left-hand column, *Lesson Information and Activities.* While you plan, list which strand(s) relates to this portion of your planning in the right-hand column, *SI Strand(s),* along with any notes about how the strand can be implemented effectively in this lesson.

	ı	esson Inform	ation and Act	ivities			SI Strand(s
Lesson Title: Analyzing a Video Clip & Reading Excerpt from a Historical Text					Define		
ontent Area: English/La	anguage Arts	(ELA)	Grade Leve	el(s): 9-11			
<ul> <li>Unit Description: This lesson is designed to help educators support English language learners (ELLs) in the context of an English/Language Arts lesson. The students will explore the historical context of the reading passage by watching and discussing a video about the history of racism:         <ul> <li>History of Race:</li></ul></li></ul>							
ength of lesson: 45 to 6		1		of ELs: 15 to 2	5 students		
Proficiency Levels ELs (numbers and/or names)							
lassroom Setting: Engli rogram Model: Shelter ther relevant student dvanced proficiency lev	ed Instruction	n ELA Class for	English Langu	_	ners with Inte	rmediate and	

Lesson Information and Activities				
Standards and Objectives				
	Language Objectives English language proficiency standards			
	Participate in an academic discussion about the	WIDA Standards:		
	central theme and topic of a video and reading	Standard 2: English language learners		
	passage.	communicate information, ideas and		
		concepts necessary for academic success in		
		the content area of Language Arts		
		Standard 5: English language learners		
		communicate information, ideas and		
		concepts necessary for academic success in		
		the content area of <b>Social Studies</b>		
		California ELD Standards:		
		Grades 9-10: ELD.PI.A		
1		<ul> <li>1-Exchanging information and ideas</li> </ul>		
		with others through oral		
		collaborative discussion on a range		
		of social and academic topics		
		o 3-Offering and justifying opinions,		
		negotiating with and persuading		
		others		
		• Grades 9-10: ELD.P1.B		
		o 5-Listen actively to spoken English		
		in a range of academic contexts		
		Grades 9-10: ELD.PII     Grades 9-10: ELD		
		o 6-Connecting Ideas		
		<ul> <li>7-Condensing Ideas</li> </ul>		

Analyze a video clip about a topic of discussion.  WIDA Standards:  Standard 2: English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Language Arts  Standard 5: English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Social Studies  California ELD Standards:  Grades 9-10: ELD.PI.A  1-Exchanging information and ideas with others through oral collaborative discussion on a range of social and academic topics  3-Offering and justifying opinions, negotiating with and persuading others  Grades 9-10: ELD.P1.B  Grades 9-10: ELD.P1.B  S-Listen actively to spoken English in a range of academic contexts
Grades 9-10: ELD.PII     O 6-Connecting Ideas

Lesson Information and Activities			
3	Analyze a reading passage and support claims with evidence in writing.	WIDA Standards:  Standard 2: English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Language Arts  Standard 5: English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Social Studies  California ELD Standards:  Grades 9-10: ELD.PI.A  1-Exchanging information and ideas with others through oral collaborative discussion on a range of social and academic topics  3-Offering and justifying opinions, negotiating with and persuading others  Grades 9-10: ELD.P1.B  5-Listen actively to spoken English in a range of academic contexts  6-Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is coveyed explicitly and implicitly though language  Grades 9-10: ELD.PII  6-Connecting Ideas	SI Strand(s)
		o 7-Condensing Ideas	
	Content Objectives	Content Standards	
1	Analyze and make inferences about the historical context that impacted experiences and events in a video and short story.	<ul> <li>CCSS Reading: Key Ideas and Details</li> <li>Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.</li> <li>Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.</li> </ul>	

Lesson information	Lesson Information and Activities				
Cite evidence from the video clip and reading passage to support your claims.  2	<ul> <li>CCSS Writing: Text Types and Purposes</li> <li>Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.</li> <li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.</li> </ul>				

## **Incorporating all four language domains**

Identify how each of the language demands of the tasks are related to each language domain.

	Written	Oral
Receptive	<ul> <li>Reading</li> <li>Students will read and analyze an excerpt from <i>The American: Prejudice about Color</i>.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will watch and listen to a video clip about historical practices in America around race (e.g., Eugenics or Racism).</li> </ul>
Productive	<ul> <li>Writing</li> <li>Students will describe how racism affected actions and experiences based on information shared in a reading excerpt or a video clip.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Speaking</li> <li>Students will pose and respond to questions about a video clip about Eugenics.</li> <li>Students will pose and respond to questions about the reading excerpt.</li> </ul>

<u>Key language for students</u> (words and phrases, grammatical structures, sentence types, structure and amount of speech/text, organization of ideas, genre, etc.)

General academic language	Language specific to the content area		
Academic vocabulary based on the analysis of	Academic vocabulary based on the standards that		
excerpt of the reading passage and video clip:	should be introduced are:		
• Racism (e.g., race, racist)	Central Theme		
History of America	<ul> <li>Argument</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Slavery (e.g., slave, enslave)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inference</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Injustice (e.g., just, justice, )</li> </ul>	• Claims		
<ul> <li>Prejudice (e.g., judge, prejudge)</li> </ul>	Cite evidence from text		
Academic vocabulary based on the literacy CCSS	Academic vocabulary based on the reading		
that should be introduced to students:	passage that should be introduced to students:		
Analyze	<ul> <li>Marriage (e.g., marry, married)</li> </ul>		
• Evidence	<ul> <li>Obligatory (e.g., obligate, oblige)</li> </ul>		
• Read	<ul> <li>Consummate</li> </ul>		
• Excerpt	Mature		
• Discuss	<ul> <li>Deliberation Complexion</li> </ul>		
Academic language	<ul> <li>Persecution (e.g., persecute, persecutor)</li> </ul>		
	• Caste		
	<ul> <li>Viceregents</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Characters in Greek mythology</li> </ul>		

<u>Key characteristics of teacher talk</u> (ways to make the content comprehensible for all students, ways to model key language, etc.)

The teacher should explicitly introduce key vocabulary to students prior to watching the video or reading the excerpt. The teacher should also model using the identified academic language for students and have students practice using the vocabulary related to the reading passage and video clips (see sample questions and response frames).

How the lesson will incorporate bilingualism/students' native languages as resources

Define Cultivate This resource does not include bilingual instructional resources.

### **Materials and Texts**

Name	Genre (e.g., narrative)	Level	Connection to Sts (What will this mean to them? How can you make it even more meaningful?)
History of Race https://www.youtub e.com/watch?v=VBG VY6A38as&index=11 &list=PL3C2A795C6 A8FCDA2	Documentary Video	9-12	This video will help students deepen their understanding of how race impacts beliefs.
Why Are All the Black Kids Sitting Together in the Cafeteria? https://www.youtub e.com/watch?v=FY4 wKoPDjls	Documentary Video	9-12	This video will help students understand how African American students view themselves and are viewed by others.
The American: Prejudice about Color	Narrative	9-12	This narrative shared the perspective of a black man who has fallen in love with a white woman in America in the mid-1850s.

### **Supplementary Materials and Realia**

- Video about Race in the Caribbean: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6RIG4b3LV9o
- Video about Racism in the Americas: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1SqubC7jIH4">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1SqubC7jIH4</a>
- Racial & Equity Tools:
  - o Community Builder: <a href="http://www.racialequitytools.org/glossary#">http://www.racialequitytools.org/glossary#</a>
  - o Video Clips: <a href="http://www.racialequitytools.org/module/overview/racial-equity-learning-modules">http://www.racialequitytools.org/module/overview/racial-equity-learning-modules</a>
- Mid-Atlantic Equity Center: <a href="https://maec.org/resources/">https://maec.org/resources/</a>
- Teaching Tolerance: http://www.tolerance.org/supplement/being-culturally-responsive

Estimated Tim	e: 45-60 minutes	5				Modify Apply
Language Don	nains: ⊠Reading	g 図Writing 図Liste	ening ⊠Speaking			Cultivate
•	endent Work	⊠ Pair	□ Small	Group	☑ Whole class	
Reason for gr  ☐ First Ianguage	Suping:  ☑ English  proficiency	□ Reading level	☑ Content understanding	□ Interest	□ Other:	
Preview: Conr	nections to past l	earning or the larg	er unit sequence			
	arning to a Histo					
					ion of race varies in	
•		·	•	_	s of the students in	
	•	• •	re are Indian stude	•		
	•				the class, the teacher African, and Native	
		America and the		nom European,	Afficall, and Native	
7 tillericali bacı	(grounds in Edin	America and the v	sarros carr.			
Presentation:	Primary activity	steps associated w	ith lesson impleme	entation		
	· -			eraction activitie	s, materials integrated	
that function t	o shelter langua	ge and content for	EL students			
Framing the Lo	earning:					
		experiences that a	re familiar to the s	tudents to intro	duce or explain key	
concepts relat	ed to the central	theme of the read	ling passage or the	video clip. In ad	dition, students might	
participate in a	a close reading o	f the passage in sn	naller chunks over a	a series of lessor	is to develop a deeper	
understanding	g of the historical	context or the aut	thor's use of langua	age.		
Students will a	also need to spen	d some time inter	acting with the der	ivatives of key v	ocabulary. For example,	
they need to d	levelop an under	standing of how th	ne meaning of "obl	igate" changes a	s prefixes and suffixes	
connect to the	root to form dif	ferent parts of spe	ech (e.g., obligate-	v.; obligation-n.	and obligatory-adj.).	
Also, students	need to explore	the historical cont	ext of race and sho	ould have the op	portunity to make	
			late to race, as der		_	
•			iewspapers, magaz		·	
-					entences. In addition,	
		this language in m	eaningful interaction	ons with others,	modeled by the	
teacher and pe	eers.					
Building Backs	ground Knowled	ge:				
			vledge of the histo	ry of race in the	United States and	
across the Am	ericas. They will	need to understan	d how race impact	s the socioecono	mic status of different	

groups of people. In addition, the teacher may have students interview their parents in their home language to gain a better understanding of how their experiences connect to their beliefs and cultural practices around race. For example they might ask:

- What different cultures and racial groups do you remember in your home country?
- What was life like for the different groups of people in your home country?
- How did the culture and laws of that time shape the lives of these groups of people?

#### **Applying Content and Language:**

During these series of lessons, the students should have the opportunity to watch the videos and discuss their analyses using structured questions and language frames. In addition, students should read the reading passage and discuss their analyses after participating in a close reading of *The American: Prejudice about Color*. The student interaction should focus on having students:

- Summarize their thinking about prejudice and race
- Analyze the impact that the historical context has on the people's actions
- Make claims about the author's purpose and beliefs
- Cite evidence from the text to support their thinking
- Elaborate and clarify their perspectives
- Build on or challenge the ideas during discussions about the text

The students can use the graphic organizer (provided on p.?) to plan their discussion or listen and capture ideas shared during discussions. The teacher should model how to use the graphic organizer for students. Participate in a guided practice activity with students using the graphic organizer for a one of the concepts in the video. Then have students use the graphic organizers provided or determine which graphic organizers best meet their needs and reflect the thinking skills that they will be working with during lessons. It is important that teachers use the gradual release model (e.g., I do, we do, you do) to help them move towards independence over time.

Once students have read and discussed the videos and reading passage, students can also use these graphic organizers to prepare to write about ideas. Students can write to compare how the concept of race is portrayed in the video and reading passage. They can outline similarities and differences after the teacher has modeled writing about the similarities and differences between the concept of race in the Caribbean and Latin America.

**Assessment**: activities for formative and summative assessment during and after primary lesson activities. How does assessment account for the language demands embedded in core content for ELs?

The teacher should gather anecdotal notes during the collaborative conversations and analyze the completed graphic organizers to monitor students' use of academic language about the reading passage and video clips. The teacher can also analyze the academic language (e.g., use of the vocabulary, grammatical structures, and discourse) that students use in their writing. Teachers can also use the *Partnership for Assessments for Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC) Performance Level Descriptors* (<a href="http://www.parcconline.org/ela-plds">http://www.parcconline.org/ela-plds</a>) and/or the Academic Language Conversations Skills by Jeff Zwier (<a href="https://jeffzwiers.org/tools">https://jeffzwiers.org/tools</a>) or reference other rubrics from the Smarter Balance Consortium.

The teacher can vary the complexity of the questions and response frames for students at different proficiency levels. In addition, the teacher can provide scaffolds to begin the writing prompt for students at lower proficiency levels or provide paragraph language frames for students. The teacher should have also explicitly taught key vocabulary that aligns to the standards and the reading passage to build background learning for students.

How are parents, families, and the community invited into or associated with the content, delivery, or extension of this lesson?

The students are encouraged to engage parents in discussions about the concept of race to better understand how different cultures conceptualize race in different parts of the world (e.g., Spanish-speaking Caribbean and Latin America).

In addition, the school can consider creating an international festival to celebrate the art, food, dance, and music from around the world (e.g., African influence on the Caribbean and Latin America). Students can also complete a project to create a documentary about the cultural influences of Africa on the way of life and cultural practices in various countries around the world.

## The American: Prejudice about Color by Allen (1853)

Miss King returned to her father's house in October, 1852. I visited the family in December following. Then and there we discussed the subject of marriage more fully between ourselves; and deeming it a duty obligatory upon us, by an intelligent regard for our future happiness, to survey, before consummating an engagement even, the whole field of difficulties, embarrassments, trials, insults and persecutions, which we should have to enter on account of our diversity of complexion, and to satisfy ourselves fully as to our ability to endure what we might expect to encounter; we concluded to separate unengaged, and, in due season, each to write to the other what might be the results of more mature deliberation. This may seem unromantic to the reader; nevertheless, it was prudent on our part.

After remaining in Fulton a week, I left for Boston. Several letters then passed between us, and in January last, our engagement was fixed. I will not speak of myself, but on the part of Miss King, this was certainly a bold step. It displayed a moral heroism which no one can comprehend who has not been in America, and who does not understand the diabolical workings of prejudice against color. Whatever a man may be in his own person,—though he should have the eloquence, talents, and character of Paul and Apollos, and the Angel Gabriel combined,—though he should be wealthy,—and though, in personal appearance, he should be as fair as the fairest Anglo-Saxon, yet, if he have but one drop of the blood of the African flowing in his veins, no white young lady can ally herself to him in matrimony, without bringing upon her the anathemas of the community, with scarcely an exception, and rendering herself an almost total outcast, not only from the society in which she formerly moved, but from society in general.

Such is American Caste,—the most cruel under the sun. And such it is, notwithstanding the claims set up by the American people, that they are Heaven's Vicegerents, to teach to men, and to nations as well, the legitimate ideas of Christian Democracy.

To digress a moment...This Caste-spirit of America sometimes illustrates itself in rather ridiculous ways.

Reference to Free Public Released Text: http://www.gutenberg.org/files/17875/17875-h/17875-h.htm

## **Discussion Questions for the Videos:**

	Viewing Response Questions	Language Frames for Collaborative Discussions			
1.	How were the historical practices of eugenics influenced by the historical context?	The historical practices of eugenics were influenced by     During this time period, there was a lot of     During this time period, white people believed			
2.	<ul> <li>Explain why eugenics is morally right or wrong.</li> <li>Elaborate and Clarify: Can you tell me more about why it is morally?</li> <li>Support Ideas with Examples: What is an example from the video to support your ideas?</li> <li>Build on/Challenge: What might be another point of view?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I believe that eugenics is morally</li> <li>If eugenics was allowed, people wouldand many families would</li> <li>In the video, the narrator said</li> <li>Another point of view about eugenics is</li> </ul>			
3.	Does race impact how you are treated by your peers at school?  • <u>Elaborate and Clarify</u> : Can you tell me more about this?  • <u>Support Ideas with Examples</u> : What is an example from the video?  • <u>Build on/Challenge</u> : What might be other points of view?	<ul> <li>3. I think that race impacts how I am treated by my peers because</li> <li>In other words, I feel that</li> <li>One example from the video of how race impacts teenagers is</li> <li>Another point of view about how race impacts teenagers might be</li> </ul>			

## **Discussion Questions for the Reading Passage:**

	Reading Response Questions		Language Frames for Students
1.	How does race impact the relationship of Miss King and her beloved? Cite evidence from the text to support your claim.	1.	Race impacts the relationship of Miss King and her beloved because  To demonstrate this,  This is true because in the text it says
2.	What is the author's perspective about how the "American Caste" influences marriage?	2.	According to the author, the "American Caste" means that because
3.	How does the historical context impact whether these two people decide to marry?	3.	In this time period, the historical context is that  • According to the text,  • I know that this is true because in the text it states
4.	What does the author mean by "obligatory" and "mature deliberation"?	4.	The author means  Obligatory means I know this because in the text it says  Mature deliberation meansIn the text it states

# **Video Graphic Organizer**

Key Ideas	Questions		Language Frames
Opinions from Partne	er #1	Opir	nions from Partner #2

# **Reading Passage Graphic Organizer**

Claim about Historical Context	Supporting Evidence from the Text

## **Education Connections' Four Strands of Sheltered Instruction**

Sheltered Instruction is an approach that makes academic content, as well as language development, more accessible for EL students. The Education Connections activities are based on *Four Strands* of Sheltered Instruction. They are: Define, Modify, Cultivate, Apply.

#### **Define**

- Develop, define, refine, communicate, and assess content objectives for every lesson
- Develop, define, refine, communicate, and assess language objectives for every lesson
- Ensure objectives derive from, and are aligned with, English language proficiency (ELP), as well
  as content standards

#### **Modify**

- Differentiate instruction through lesson adaptation and instructional modifications
- Scaffold instruction in response to students' individualized language and content learning needs
- Identify the language demands and domains embedded in lessons and explicitly address language use and needs for both teaching and learning

#### **Cultivate**

- Explicitly identify and acknowledge the cultural competence, human capital, knowledge, experiences, and resources students bring to the classroom
- Invite parental and/or familial involvement in the school and classroom and make connections that extend beyond the core curriculum
- Support native language maintenance, additive bilingualism, and biliteracy development

### **Apply**

- Directly promote language use through interaction with peers, teachers, as well as the core content
- Encourage and facilitate language use in both English, as well as students' home languages
- Develop and implement activities that require use of all four language domains